

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of **PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED** (formerly known as Paras Green Optics Private Limited) ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024 and its loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Changes in Equity and its Cash Flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Financial Statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. The above information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.



Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the above other information, if we conclude that there is material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Management responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act, with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the Financial Position, Financial Performance including Other Comprehensive Income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind As) prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone Financial Statements may be influenced.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the **"Annexure A"** a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (Including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS prescribed under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in **"Annexure B"**.
 - g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

The Company has not paid any remuneration to its directors, hence the section 197 of the Act is not applicable to the Company.
 - h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.



- iv. (a) Management has represented to us that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the Financial Statements, during the year no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (b) Management has represented to us that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the Financial Statements, during the year no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (c) Based on our audit procedure conducted that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our attention that cause us to believe that the representation given by the management under paragraph (2) (h) (iv) (a) & (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.



- vii. As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 1st April, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024.

For **CHATURVEDI & SHAH LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No. 101720W / W100355

R. P. Shah

Rupesh Shah
Partner
Membership No. 117964
UDIN No.: 24117964BKFYDH3387



Nagpur
Date: May 23, 2024

“ANNEXURE A” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading “Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements” of our report of even date to the members of PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024)

- i. In respect of its Property, Plant & Equipment:
 - a) The Company does not have any Property, Plant & Equipment. Therefore the provisions of clause (i) (a), (b), (c) and (d) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - e) According to information & explanations and representation given to us by the management, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- ii. In respect of its inventories:
 - a) As explained to us and on the basis of the records examined by us, in our opinion, physical verification of the inventories has been conducted by the management. As explained to us and on the basis of the records examined by us, the value of the discrepancies noticed on physical verification by management did not exceed 10% or more in aggregate of each class of inventory.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us, during any point of time of the year, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital facility from banks or financial institutions. Therefore, the provisions of clause (ii) (b) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iii. According to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not made investments or has not provided any guarantee or security or has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to Companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Therefore, the provisions of clause (iii) (a) to (f) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any transaction in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security covered under section 185 and 186 of the Act during the year. Therefore, the provisions of clause (iv) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- v. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Therefore, the clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- vi. According to information and explanation given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the Cost Records to be maintained under section 148(1) of the Act in respect of activities carried out by the Company. Therefore, the clause (vi) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us in respect of statutory dues:
- a) The Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, income-tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities, as applicable. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of such statutory dues were outstanding as at March 31, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authority on account of any dispute.
- viii. According to information and explanation given to us and representations made by the management, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year.
- ix. a. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and books of account and other records produced before us, the Company has only taken interest free borrowing from one of its directors, which is repayable on demand, question of default does not arise as same has not demanded by the lender as on March 31, 2024.
- b) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- c) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us and records examined by us, during the year the Company has not raised any money by way of term loan from bank or financial institution.
- d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the Financial Statements of the Company, we report that, *prima facie*, no funds raised on short-term basis have been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
- e) According to the information and explanations given to us, Company does not have any Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures or Associates Companies. Therefore, the clause (ix) (e) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.



- f) According to the information and explanations given to us, Company does not have any Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures or Associates Companies. Therefore, the clause (ix) (f) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- x. a) The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Therefore, the clause (x) (a) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and therefore, the clause (x) (b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xi. a) Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the Financial Statements and as per information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section 12 of section 143 of the Act has been filed by auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
- c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- xii. In our opinion, the company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the company.
- xiii. In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us, all the transactions with related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act, as applicable and their details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc; as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.
- xiv. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
- xv. According to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them as referred under section 92 of the Act. Therefore, the provisions of clause (xv) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the company.
- xvi. a) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities during the year as per the Reserve bank of India Act 1934.



- c) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.
- d) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations provided to us, the Group does not have any Core Investment Company (CIC) as part of the Group contained in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016. Therefore, provisions of clause (xvi) (d) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvii. In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not incurred cash losses of Rs. 663.66 Thousand in the current Financial Year however, they were no cash losses in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of Statutory Auditors during the year. Therefore, the clause (xviii) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xix. According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of the Financial Ratios, Ageing and expected dates of realization of Financial Assets and payment of Financial Liabilities, other information accompanying the Financial Statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and the management plans, financial support letter from Holding Company and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the auditor report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing as on the date of Balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the auditor's report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all the liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.



- xx. According to the information and explanations given to us, the CSR provisions under section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Therefore, provisions of clause (xx) (a) and (b) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For **CHATURVEDI & SHAH LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No. 101720W / W100355

R. R. Shah

Rupesh Shah
Partner

Membership No. 117964
UDIN No.: 24117964BKFYDH3387



Nagpur
Date: May 23, 2024

“ANNEXURE B” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under “Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements” of our report of even date to the members of PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements of **PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED** as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements based on the internal financial control established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (‘the Guidance Note’) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls with reference to these Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI and the Standards of Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements and such internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024 based on the criteria for internal control established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls issued by ICAI.

For **CHATURVEDI & SHAH LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No. 101720W / W100355

R. B. Shah

Rupesh Shah
Partner

Membership No. 117964

UDIN No.: 24117964BKFYDH3387



Nagpur

Date: May 23, 2024

PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS PARAS GREEN OPTICS PRIVATE LIMITED)
BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2024

(Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
I Assets			
Non Current Assets			
a. Deferred Tax Asset (Net)	2	249.80	-
Current Assets			
a. Inventories	3	865.05	-
b. Financial Assets			
i Trade Receivables	4	-	432.22
ii Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	54.03	52.69
c. Other Current Assets	6	210.51	-
Total Assets		1,379.39	484.91
II Equity And Liabilities			
Equity			
a. Equity Share Capital	7	100.00	100.00
b. Other Equity	8	(277.85)	136.01
		(177.85)	236.01
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
a. Financial Liabilities			
i. Borrowings	9	360.00	160.00
ii Trade Payables			
Total Outstanding dues of Micro enterprises and small enterprises	10	990.75	-
Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
iii. Other Financial Liabilities	11	80.79	67.50
b. Other Current Liabilities	12	12.50	12.67
c. Current Tax Liabilities (Net)		113.20	8.73
		1,557.24	248.90
Total Equity and Liabilities		1,379.39	484.91
Material Accounting Policies and Notes to the Financial Statements	1 to 25		

As per our Report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 101720W/W100355)


Rupesh Shah
Partner
Membership No. 117964

Date: 23rd May, 2024

For and on behalf of Board of Directors


Munjal Shah
Director
DIN: 01080863


Sharad Shah
Director
DIN: 00622001



PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS PARAS GREEN OPTICS PRIVATE LIMITED)
STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2024

(Amount in Thousand)

	Particulars	Note No.	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
1	Revenue from Operations	13	-	372.60
2	Other Income	14	0.94	0.40
3	Total Income (1+2)		0.94	373.00
4	Expenses			
	Finance Costs	15	9.48	5.78
	Other Expenses	16	541.92	302.96
	Total Expenses		551.40	308.74
5	(Loss) / Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax (3-4)		(550.46)	64.26
6	Exceptional Items		-	-
7	(Loss) / Profit Before Tax (5-6)		(550.46)	64.26
8	Tax Expenses	2		
	Current Tax		113.20	16.17
	Deferred Tax		(249.80)	-
			(136.60)	16.17
9	Profit for the Year (7-8)		(413.86)	48.09
10	Other Comprehensive Income			
(i)	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
(ii)	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	Total Other Comprehensive Income (Net of Tax)		-	-
	Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (9-10)		(413.86)	48.09
11	Earnings per Equity Share of Rs. 10/- each	17		
	Basic (Rs.)		(41.39)	4.81
	Diluted (Rs.)		(41.39)	4.81
	Material Accounting Policies and Notes to the Financial Statements	1 to 25		

As per our Report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 101720W/W100355)

R. B. Shah

Rupesh Shah
Partner
Membership No. 117964



For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Munjal Shah
Munjal Shah
Director
DIN: 01080863

Sharad Shah
Sharad Shah
Director
DIN: 00622001

Date: 23rd May, 2024

PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS PARAS GREEN OPTICS PRIVATE LIMITED)
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2024

A. Equity Share Capital

(Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	Balance as at 1st April, 2022	Changes during the Year	Balance as at 31st March, 2023	Changes during the Year	Balance as at 31st March, 2024
Equity Share Capital	100.00	-	100.00	-	100.00

B. Other Equity

(Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus	Total
	Retained Earnings	
Balance As at 1st April, 2022	87.92	87.92
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	48.09	48.09
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	136.01	136.01
Balance As at 1st April, 2023	136.01	136.01
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	(413.86)	(413.86)
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	(277.85)	(277.85)

As per our Report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No. 101720W/W100355)

R. P. Shah

Rupesh Shah

Partner

Membership No. 117964

Date: 23rd May, 2024



For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Munjal Shah *Sharad Shah*

Munjal Shah

Director

DIN: 01080863

Sharad Shah

Director

DIN: 00622001



PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS PARAS GREEN OPTICS PRIVATE LIMITED)
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024

(Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	For the year ended 31st March, 2023
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
(Loss) / Profit before tax as per the Statement of Profit and Loss	(550.46)	64.26
ADJUSTMENT FOR:		
Finance Costs	9.48	5.78
Interest income	(0.94)	-
OPERATING (LOSS) / PROFIT BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES	(541.92)	70.04
ADJUSTMENT FOR:		
Trade and Other Receivables	221.71	(90.58)
Trade and Other Payables	994.39	(25.86)
Inventories	(865.05)	-
CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(190.87)	(46.40)
Income Tax Paid	(7.79)	(7.45)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)	(198.66)	(53.85)
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)	-	-
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Finance Costs	-	(5.78)
Current Borrowings (Net)	200.00	50.00
NET CASH GENERATED FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)	200.00	44.22
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C)	1.34	(9.63)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	52.69	62.32
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR (Refer Note No. 5.1)	54.03	52.69

Notes-

- Bracket indicates cash outflow.
- Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities on account of Current Borrowings

(Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Opening balance of liabilities arising from financing activities	160.00	110.00
Add : Changes from Cash Flow from Financing Activities (Net)	200.00	50.00
Closing balance of liabilities arising from financing activities	360.00	160.00

- Previous years figures have been regrouped / rearranged wherever necessary to make them comparable with those of current year.
- The above Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Ind AS-7 "Statement of Cash Flows".

As per our Report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 101720W/W100355)

Rupesh Shah
Partner
Membership No. 117964

Date: 23rd May, 2024



For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Munjal Shah
Director
DIN: 01080863

Sherad Shah
Director
DIN: 00622001



PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS PARAS GREEN OPTICS PRIVATE LIMITED)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2024

1.1 Corporate Information

Paras Green UAV Private Limited (Formerly Known As Paras Green Optics Private Limited) (the 'Company') is a private limited Company domiciled and incorporated in India. The registered office of the Company is situated at D-112, TTC industrial area, Nerul, Navi Mumbai-400706. The Parent Company is Paras Defence & Space Technologies Limited.

The Company is engaged in the business of providing UAV's for the agricultural sector and end-to-end drone solutions for agriculture and farming and as such there are no separate reportable segments.

The Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2024 were approved and adopted by board of directors in their meeting held on 23rd May, 2024

1.2 Basis of preparation

The Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, as amended from time to time.

The Financial Statements have been prepared and presented on going concern basis and historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities, which have been measured as indicated below:

- Certain Financial assets and liabilities at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments).

These Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees, which is the company's functional and presentation currency and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand with two decimals, except when otherwise indicated.

1.3 Material Accounting policies

(A) Taxes on Income:

Tax expense represents the sum of current tax and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in such cases the tax is also recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income. Any subsequent change in direct tax on items initially recognised in equity or other comprehensive income is also recognised in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax provision is computed for Income calculated after considering allowances and exemptions under the provisions of the applicable Income Tax Laws. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are off set, and presented as net.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Balance sheet and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward tax losses and allowances to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, carry forward tax losses and allowances can be utilised. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the applicable tax rates. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

(B) Inventories:

Inventories are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value (NRV) after providing for obsolescence, if any. NRV is the estimate selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimate cost necessary to make the sale. The Cost of Inventories comprises of cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition. The Cost of raw materials, stores & spares, packing materials are determined on weighted average basis. The Cost of Work in Progress and Finished Goods is determined on absorption costing methods.

(C) Financial Instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial Assets -Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets measured at fair value or as financial assets measured at amortised cost. Purchase and sale of financial assets are recognized using trade date accounting. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

Financial assets - Subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in two broad categories:-

a) Financial assets at fair value

b) Financial assets at amortised cost

Where assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognised entirely in the statement of profit and loss (i.e. fair value through profit and loss), or recognised in other comprehensive income (i.e. fair value through other comprehensive income).

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is **measured at amortised cost** (net of any write down for impairment) unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

a) **Business model test:** The objective of the Company's business model is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flow.

b) **Cash flow characteristics test:** The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flow that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at **fair value through other comprehensive income** unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

a) **Business model test:** The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flow and selling financial assets.

b) **Cash flow characteristics test:** The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flow that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.



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All other financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets - Derecognition

A financial assets (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's statement of financial position) when:

- a) The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- b) The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flow from the asset.

Financial Liabilities - Initial recognition and measurement:

The financial Liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net off directly attributable transaction costs.

Financial Liabilities - Subsequent measurement:

Financial Liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Financial liability - Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another, from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

(D) Fair Value:

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each Balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the Financial Statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy that categorizes into three levels, described as follows, the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

Level 1 — quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 — inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 — inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the Financial Statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period and discloses the same.

(E) Revenue Recognition and Other Income:

Sales of goods and services:

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Generally, control is transferred upon shipment of goods to the customer or when the goods are made available to the customer, provided transfer of title to the customer occurs and the Company has not retained any significant risks of ownership or future obligations with respect to the goods shipped.

Revenue is measured at the amount of consideration which the company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring distinct goods or services to a customer as specified in the contract, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (for example taxes and duties collected on behalf of the government). Consideration is generally due upon satisfaction of performance obligations and a receivable is recognized when it becomes unconditional.

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, it does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for volume discounts, performance bonuses, price concessions and incentives, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised over time by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligations at the reporting period.

Contract Assets - Trade Receivables

A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

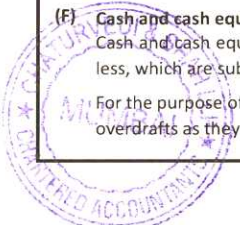
Interest Income:

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

(F) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents in the Balance Sheet comprise cash at banks, cash on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net off outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.



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(G) Off-setting financial instruments :

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable rights to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable rights must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or counterparty.

1.4 Key accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the Company's Financial Statements requires the management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

a) Income Tax:

Company reviews at each balance sheet date the carrying amount of deferred tax assets. The factors used in estimates may differ from actual outcome which could lead to an adjustment to the amounts reported in the Financial Statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses or tax credits can be utilised. This involves an assessment of when those assets are likely to reverse, and a judgement as to whether or not there will be sufficient taxable profits available to offset the assets. This requires assumptions regarding future profitability, which is inherently uncertain. To the extent assumptions regarding future profitability change, there can be an increase or decrease in the amounts recognised in respect of deferred tax assets and consequential impact in the statement of profit and loss.



PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31st MARCH, 2024

Note 2: Income Tax

2.1 Current Tax

Particulars	(Amount in Thousand)	
	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Current Tax	113.20	16.17
Total	113.20	16.17

2.2 The major components of Tax Expense for the Year ended 31st March, 2024 & 31st March, 2023 are as follows:

Particulars	(Amount in Thousand)	
	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Current Tax	113.20	16.17
Deferred Tax	(249.80)	-
Total Tax (Income)/ Expenses	(136.60)	16.17

2.3 Reconciliation between Tax Expense and Accounting Profit multiplied by tax rate for the year ended 31st March, 2024 and 31st March, 2023 are as follows:

Particulars	(Amount in Thousand)	
	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Accounting Profit Before Tax	(550.46)	64.26
Applicable tax rate (in %)	25.17%	25.17%
Computed Tax Expenses	(138.54)	16.17
Tax effect on account of:		
Expenses not allowed under income tax act	1.94	-
Income Tax (Income) /Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	(136.60)	16.17

2.4 Deferred Tax Assets

Particulars	Balance Sheet		Statement of Profit and Loss	
	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	For the year ended 31st March, 2023
Expenses disallowed as per Income Tax	249.80	-	249.80	-
Deferred Tax Assets	249.80	-	249.80	-

2.5 Reconciliation of Deferred Tax Assets (Net):

Particulars	(Amount in Thousands)	
	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	For the year ended 31st March, 2023
Opening Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-
Deferred Tax Income recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	(249.80)	-
Closing Balance at the end of the year	(249.80)	-



PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2024

Note 3: Inventories (Amount in Thousand)		
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Raw Material	447.84	-
Stores, Spares and Consumables	417.21	-
Total	865.05	-

3.1 - For Basis of Valuation refer Accounting Policy Note No.1.3 (B)

Note 4: Trade Receivables (Amount in Thousand)		
Particulars	As At 31st March, 2024	As At 31st March, 2023
(Unsecured) Considered Good	-	432.22
Total	-	432.22

Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule as at 31st March, 2024 (Amount in Thousand)							
Particulars	Not due	Outstanding for the following period from due date of payment					Total
		Less than 6 months	6 Months to 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade receivables – Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables– considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule as at 31st March, 2023 (Amount in Thousand)							
Particulars	Not due	Outstanding for the following period from due date of payment					Total
		Less than 6 months	6 Months to 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade receivables – Considered Good	432.22	-	-	-	-	-	432.22
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables– considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	432.22	-	-	-	-	-	432.22

Note 5: Cash And Cash Equivalents (Amount in Thousand)		
Particulars	As At 31st March, 2024	As At 31st March, 2023
Balances with Bank In Current Account	54.03	52.69
Total	54.03	52.69

5.1- For the purpose of statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents comprises of (Amount in Thousand)		
Particulars	As At 31st March, 2024	As At 31st March, 2023
Balances with Bank In Current Account	54.03	52.69
Total	54.03	52.69

Note 6: Other Current Assets (Amount in Thousand)		
Particulars	As At 31st March, 2024	As At 31st March, 2023
Balances with Government Authorities	210.51	-
Total	210.51	-



PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED
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(Amount in Thousand)		
Particulars	As At 31st March, 2024	As At 31st March, 2023
Authorised		
1,00,000 (31st March, 2023 : 10,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,000.00	100.00
	1,000.00	100.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up		
10,000 (31st March, 2023 : 10,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up	100.00	100.00
Total	100.00	100.00

7.1 Reconciliation of the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the Year					(Amount in Thousand)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024		As at 31st March, 2023		
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount	
Shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year	10,000	100.00	10,000	100.00	

7.2 Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares of the Company:

Name of Shareholder	As at 31st March, 2024		As at 31st March, 2023	
	No. of shares	% of Holding	No. of shares	% of Holding
Paras Defence & Space Technologies Limited (The Holding Company)*	10,000	100.00	10,000	100%

* Mr. Munjal Sharad Shah, Mr. Sharad Virji Shah, Mr. Harsh Dharendra Bhansali, Mrs. Ami Munjal Shah, Mrs. Niranjana Sharad Shah and Ms. Anushka Munjal Shah are holding 1 share each on behalf of Paras Defence and Space Technologies Limited

7.3 Details of shares held by the Promoters in the Company:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024		As at 31st March, 2023		% Change From 31st March, 2023 to 31st March, 2024
	No. of shares	% of Holding	No. of shares	% of Holding	
Paras Defence & Space Technologies Limited (The Holding Company)	10,000	100%	10,000	100%	-

7.4 The Company has only one class of equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10/- per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity shareholders will be entitled to receive any of remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholder.

(Amount in Thousand)				
Particulars	As At 31st March, 2024	As At 31st March, 2024	As At 31st March, 2023	As At 31st March, 2023
Retained Earnings				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	136.01		87.92	
Add: (Loss)/ Profit after tax for the Year	(413.86)	(277.85)	48.09	136.01
Total		(277.85)		136.01

Note No. 8.1. Nature and Purpose of Reserves

Retained Earnings

Retained Earnings represent the accumulated Profits/ (Losses) made by the company over the years.

(Amount in Thousand)			
Particulars	As At 31st March, 2024	As At 31st March, 2023	As At 31st March, 2023
Unsecured			
Loans From Related Party (Refer Note No. 18)	360.00		160.00
Total	360.00		160.00

9.1 Loan from director is interest free and repayable on demand

Note 10: Trade Payables

(Amount in Thousand)		
Particulars	As At 31st March, 2024	As At 31st March, 2023
Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	990.75	-
Others	-	-
Total	990.75	-

10.1 Disclosures of the Micro, Small And Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 have been determined based on the information as available with the Company and the required disclosures are given below :

(Amount in Thousand)		
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
(i) Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	990.75	-
(ii) Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	1.76	-
(iii) The amount of Interest paid, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day	-	-
(iv) The amount of Interest due and payable for the year	-	-
(v) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	1.76	-
(vi) The amount of Further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid	-	-

Trade Payables Ageing Schedules as at 31st March, 2024

(Amount in Thousand)						
Particulars	Not Due	Outstanding for the following period from due date of payment				Total
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
MSME	-	990.75	-	-	-	990.75
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Payable	-	990.75	-	-	-	990.75



PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS PARAS GREEN OPTICS PRIVATE LIMITED) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2024						
Trade Payables Ageing Schedules as at 31st March, 2023						(Amount in Thousand)
Particulars	Not Due	Outstanding for the following period from due date of payment				Total
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Payable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Note 11: Other Financial Liabilities						
						(Amount in Thousand)
Particulars	As At 31st March, 2024		As At 31st March, 2023			
Interest accrued and due	1.76		-			
Interest accrued and not due	7.72		-			
Other payables*	71.31		67.50			
Total	80.79		67.50			
* It mainly includes audit fees						
Note 12: Other Current Liabilities						
						(Amount in Thousand)
Particulars	As At 31st March, 2024		As At 31st March, 2023			
Statutory Liabilities	12.50		12.67			
Total	12.50		12.67			



PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS PARAS GREEN OPTICS PRIVATE LIMITED)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2024

Note 13: Revenue From Operations (Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Sale of Service	-	372.60
Total	-	372.60

Note 13.1:
a) Revenue disaggregation by geography is as follows: (Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
India	-	372.60
Outside India	-	-
Total	-	372.60

b) Reconciliation of Revenue From Operations with Contract Price: (Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Contract Price	-	372.60
Total	-	372.60

Note 14: Other Income (Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Interest Income	0.94	0.10
Liabilities written Back	-	0.30
Total	0.94	0.40

Note 15: Finance Costs (Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Interest Expenses	9.48	5.78
Total	9.48	5.78

15.1 Above includes Interest of Rs. 7.72 Thousand on late payment of Advance Tax.

Note 16: Other Expenses (Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Administrative Expenses		
Rent (Refer Note No. 18)	140.00	120.00
Legal and Professional Fees	226.10	54.96
Payment to Auditors (Refer Note No. 16.1)	125.00	125.00
Printing and Stationery	-	1.50
Fees & Subscription	5.50	-
Rates and Tax	44.40	1.50
Other Expenses	0.51	-
Other Expenses		
Other Expenses	0.41	-
Total	541.92	302.96

16.1 Break-up of Payment to Auditors : (Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Payments to the auditor as:		
For Statutory Audit	75.00	75.00
For Quarterly Review	50.00	50.00
Total	125.00	125.00



PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS PARAS GREEN OPTICS PRIVATE LIMITED) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2024		
Note 17: Earnings Per Share		(Amount in Thousand)
Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Basic Earnings Per Share		
Net (Loss)/ Profit for the year	(413.86)	48.09
Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares (in Nos.)	10,000	10,000
Basic Earnings Per Share of Rs.10/- each	(41.39)	4.81
Diluted Earnings Per Share		
Amount available for calculation of Diluted EPS	(413.86)	48.09
Weighted average number of Equity Shares (Nos.)	10,000	10,000
Add : Potential number of Equity Shares (Nos.)	-	-
No. of shares used for calculation of Diluted EPS (Nos.)	10,000	10,000
Diluted Earnings Per Share of Rs.10/- each	(41.39)	4.81



PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED
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Note 18 : Related Party Disclosures

In accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 24, on related party disclosures, name of the related party, related party relationship, transactions and outstanding balances including commitments where control exists and with whom transactions have taken place during reported year, are as detailed below:

(a) List of Related Parties :

I. Holding Company

Paras Defence and Space Technologies Limited

II. Key Management Personnel

Munjal Sharad Shah

Sharad Virji Shah

Junghun Ryou (Till 4th November, 2023)

Shilpa Mahajan (w.e.f. 4th November, 2023)

III. Enterprises in which key managerial personnel and their relatives are able to exercise significant influence with whom transactions have taken place during the year

Defspace Technologies Private Limited

(b) Related Party Transactions

(Amount in Thousand)

Nature of Transactions	Name of the Related Parties	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Transactions with Holding Company: Lease Rent Expenses	Paras Defence and Space Technologies Limited	140.00	120.00
Transactions with Key Managerial Personnel: Loans Taken	Munjal Sharad Shah	300.00	200.00
Loans Repaid		100.00	150.00
Purchase	Defspace Technologies Private Limited	832.29	-

(c) Balances at the Year End

(Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	Name of the Related Parties	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Balance with other Related Parties: Current Borrowings	Munjal Sharad Shah	360.00	160.00
Trade Payable	Defspace Technologies Private Limited	949.63	-

Note 19 : Financial Instruments

FAIR VALUE :- The carrying amounts of cash at bank, borrowings and other payables approximate their fair values and are carried at amortized cost.

(Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024		As at 31st March, 2023	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial Assets				
Trade Receivable	-	-	432.22	432.22
Cash & Cash equivalents	54.03	54.03	52.69	52.69
Total	54.03	54.03	484.91	484.91
Financial Liabilities				
Current Borrowings	360.00	360.00	160.00	160.00
Trade Payables	990.75	990.75	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	80.79	80.79	67.50	67.50
Total	1,431.54	1,431.54	227.50	227.50



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Note 20: Financial Risk Management

The company is exposed to credit risk and liquidity risk.

(a) Credit Risk :

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counter party may not be able to settle their obligation as agreed. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses financial reliability of customers and other counter parties, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends and ageing of financial assets. Individual risk limits are periodically reviewed on the basis of such information.

i. Trade Receivables:-

The Company measures the expected credit loss of trade receivables, which are subject to credit risk based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates and adjusted for forward-looking information. Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience and past trends. The Company does not have any outstanding Trade receivable on reporting date.

The following table summarizes the Gross carrying amount of the trade receivables and provision made.

(Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024		As at 31st March 2023	
	Gross Carrying Amount	Loss Allowance	Gross Carrying Amount	Loss Allowance
Trade Receivables	-	-	432.22	-

ii. Financial Instruments and Cash Deposits:-

The Company considers factors such as track record, size of the institution, market reputation and service standards to select the banks with which balances are maintained. Credit risk from balances with bank is managed by the Company's finance department. Investment of surplus funds are also managed by finance department. The Company does not maintain significant cash in hand. Excess balance of cash other than those required for its day to day operations is deposited into the bank.

(b) Liquidity Risk :

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. For the Company liquidity risk arises from obligations on account of current borrowing, trade payable and other financial liabilities. Short term borrowings is from director, hence it is not exposed to significant liquidity risk.

Liquidity Risk Management-

As Company does not have any long term borrowings hence it is not exposed to significant liquidity risk.

The table below illustrates the aged analysis of the company's Short Term Borrowings and financial liabilities.

As at 31st March, 2024

(Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	On demand	Up to 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Liabilities				
Current Borrowings	360.00	-	-	360.00
Trade Payable	-	990.75	-	990.75
Other Financial Liabilities	-	80.79	-	80.79
Total	360.00	1,071.54	-	1,431.54

As at 31st March, 2023

(Amount in Thousand)

Particulars	On demand	Up to 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Liabilities				
Current Borrowings	160.00	-	-	160.00
Trade Payable	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	-	67.50	-	67.50
Total	160.00	67.50	-	227.50



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Note 21: Capital Risk Management

For the purpose of the Company's Capital Management, capital includes issued capital and other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the holding and debt. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder's value.

The Company manages its capital structure as requirements of the business. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Company monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by Total capital. The company includes within net debt, borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. The capital structure of the company consist of equity share capital, other equity and net debt.

The gearing ratio at the year end was as follows :

Particulars	(Amount in Thousand)	
	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Total Debt	360.00	160.00
Less: Cash and cash equivalent	54.03	52.69
Net Debt	305.97	107.31
Equity	(177.85)	236.01
Total Capital (Equity + Net Debts)	128.12	343.32
Gearing Ratio	238.82%	31.26%

NOTE 22 : Segment Reporting:

The Company is engaged in the business of providing UAV's for the agricultural sector and end-to-end drone solutions for agriculture and farming and as such there are no separate reportable segments.

22.1 Revenue from operations Rs. NIL (31st March, 2023: Rs. 372.60 thousand) from NIL customer (31st March, 2023: from 1 customer) having more than 10% of the total revenue.



PARAS GREEN UAV PRIVATE LIMITED
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NOTE 23 : Ratio Analysis & its Components

Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023	% Variance	Reason for Material variance
1. Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	0.73	1.95	-62.77%	The decrease is mainly due to increase in Trade payable during the year.
2. Debt- Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Total Equity (Equity Share capital + Other equity)	(2.02)	0.68	-398.58%	The decrease is mainly due to the unsecured loan availed during the year and decrease in earnings available for debt service of the Company
3. Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings available for debt service Net (Loss)/ profit after taxes + depreciation & amortization + Finance cost + Non cash operating items + other adjustment)	Finance cost + principle repayment of long term borrowings during the period/year	(42.66)	9.32	-557.69%	The decrease is mainly on account of negative earnings during the year
4. Return on Equity (ROE)	Net (Loss) / profit after tax	Average Total Equity [(Opening Total Equity + Total Equity)/2]	-1423.21%	22.69%	-6373.27%	The decrease is mainly on account of net loss during the year
5. Inventory Turnover Ratio	Revenue from Operations	Average Inventory [(Opening balance + closing balance) /2]	NA	NA	NA	
6. Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Revenue from Operations	Average trade receivable [(Opening balance + closing balance) /2]	NA	0.99	-100.00%	The change is mainly due to there is no trade receivable outstanding during the year.
7. Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Cost of Materials Consumed	Average trade payable [(Opening balance + closing balance) /2]	NA	NA	NA	
8. Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Revenue from Operations	Working capital ((Current asset - Investments) - current liabilities)	NA	1.58	-100.00%	The change is due to no revenue from operations during the year
9. Net Profit Ratio	Net (Loss) / Profit after tax	Revenue from Operations	NA	12.91%	-100%	The change is due to no revenue from operations during the year
10. Return on capital employed (ROCE)	(Loss)/ Profit Before interest & Tax	Total Equity + Total Debts + Deferred Tax Liability	-297.00%	17.69%	-1779.19%	The decrease is mainly on account of Loss before interest and tax during the year
11. Return on Investment	Interest Income on fixed deposits + Profit on sale of investments + Income of investment - impairment on value of investment	Current investments + Non current Investments + Fixed deposits with bank	NA	NA	NA	NA



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Note 24: Other Statutory Information

24.1 There are no balances outstanding on account of any transaction with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

24.2 The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

24.3 The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of account surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income-tax act, 1961.

24.4 No proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

24.5 The Company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

24.6 The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall: (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.


24.7 The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(s), including entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the intermediary shall (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

Note 25 : Previous Year's figures have been regrouped / rearranged wherever necessary, to make them in line with those of current year.

As per our Report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 101720W/W100355)

For and on behalf of Board of Directors


Rupesh Shah
Partner
Membership No. 117964

Date: 23rd May, 2024




Munjal Shah
Director
DIN: 01080863


Sharad Shah
Director
DIN: 00622001

